

M.A. (Third Semester) Examinations, 2013; (AS-2088)

Public Administration, Paper - XI

Title: Public Administration and Governance.

Prepared by: K. Uma Maheswari.

Note: The answers scripts of the students must and should contain the following in respective answers.

Section - A

1.

(a) RTI Act, 2005 — Right to Information Act, 2005.

- The Govt has passed the RTI Act in the year 2005.
- Under this Act, Every citizen can get information from the Govt regarding the functioning of the Govt. within 30 days of the application / request.

(b) MKSS

- Magdal Kisan Shakti Sangathan.
- A Civil Society organization based in Rajasthan.
- Its role is crucial in passing of RTI Act of Rajasthan, in bringing awareness among the people regarding the functioning of the govt.

(c) CVC

- Central Vigilance Commission
- Set up in 1964 based on the recommendation of Santhanam Committee Report.
- Is the main agency for preventing Corruption in the Central Govt.

④ Viz Eye

(2)

- An online Anti-Corruption Complaints device (or) application
- By the Central Vigilance Commission to make citizens part in the Anti-Corruption ways.

⑤ Lokpal Bill, 2011

- GOI has introduced this Bill to establish an ombudsman kind of institution called 'Lokpal' to redress the grievances of the citizen regarding the mal-administration.

⑥ Robert Putnam

- Well known Sociologist
- Known for his work on "Social Capital"

⑦ Common Service Centres (CSCs)

- Set up as part of National e-Governance Plan (Ne-EP)
- At these centres the citizens can pay all public utility bills, can get all certificates - birth, death etc.

⑧ e-Court

- It part of Ne-EP
- Started by the govt. of Gujarat.

⑨ Initiatives taken by Election Commission

- Awareness generation
- Bringing NDA along with

(J) Citizen Charter

- It is a list of functions and services provided by a Govt. wing or department.
- To bring transparency, accountability in the govt's functioning.

Section - B

2. "Role of state is diminishing in developing / development process" — Comment.

- Introduction.
- Role of state in development process
- Disatisfaction among the citizens
- Role of non-state actors
 - 1) Civil Society
 - 2) Private Sector
 - 3) Media.
- Impact of LPG
- Conclusion.

3. Do you think that "Good Governance" can bring change in the working culture of bureaucracy in developing countries like India.

- Introduction
- What is working culture of bureaucracy in developing countries
- Rogian Theory
- Key features of Good Governance like Transparency, Accountability, Openness, Rule of Law with suitable examples.

4. Write a Critical essay on the recent trends in the role of "Civil Society."

- Introduction
- Role of Civil Society over the years.
- In recent times -
 - 1) Lokpal Bill issue.
 - 2) Food Security Act.
 - 3) RTI Act.
 - 4) Social Audit.
- Conclusion.

5. "RTI - The key to good governance" - Comment.

- Definition of good governance.
- Features of good governance and how they are related to RTI Act
- ARC-II recommendations for better implementation of the RTI Act.
- Conclusion.

6. "Social Audit - the tool to make citizen's participation in development process a reality." - Comment.

- Definition of Social Audit.
- Relation between Social Audit and people participation (Good Governance)
- Conclusion.

7. Write a note on recent initiatives in e-Governance in India.

- Definition of e-governance.
- National e-Governance plan.

- 1) Mee-Sera (Ap)
 - 2) Bhoomi (KN)
 - 3) e-Court (Kajrat)
 - 4) e-PDS (GOI)
 - 5) e-RTI (GOI)
 - 6) e-Choupal (ITC)
- Conclusion.

(8) The need of the hour is not only Good Governance but also "Meta Governance" — Discuss

- Definition of Good Governance.
- Definition of Meta Governance.
- Reasons for Meta Governance
 - 1) Failure of New public Management.
 - 2) Failure of ~~Good~~ Governance.
- Louis Mehlman's Contribution.
- Conclusion.